# Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations

### **Goals and Objectives**

#### **Course Description**

"Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations" is an online recorded video of a previously presented live CE webinar for occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants that presents contemporary information about hypertension, atherosclerosis, atrial fibrillation, and heart failure. This course includes discussion of risk factors, pathogenesis, and therapeutic considerations for patients with these conditions.

#### **Course Rationale**

The purpose of this course is to provide participants with contemporary information about cardiovascular disease. Occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants can use this information to modify and implement rehabilitation programs specifically addressing the needs and limitations of individuals with compromised cardiovascular performance.

#### **Course Goals and Objectives**

Upon completion of this course, participants will be able to:

- 1. Identify the association between oral health, tobacco use, diet, physical activity, and cardiovascular disease.
- 2. Differentiate the clinical presentation and diagnostic criteria for the different types of hypertension.
- 3. Identify currently accepted standards and techniques used to measure blood pressure and monitor aerobic exercise intensity.
- 4. Identify components of metabolic syndrome and relationship to cardiovascular disease.
- 5. Define the role of chronic low-level inflammation in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis.
- 6. Define the stages, pathogenesis, clinical presentation, and management of heart failure.
- 7. Define atrial fibrillation and identify current strategies to manage anticoagulation bleeding risk factors.
- 8. Identify biomarkers associated with specific cardiovascular diseases.
- 9. Identify considerations and parameters when developing exercise programs for patients with cardiovascular disease and indications for counter pressure maneuvers.
- 10. Identify the indications for use and mechanism of action of circulatory assist devices.

Course Provider - Innovative Educational Services

Provider Contact Information - information@cheapceus.com

Course Instructor - Jodi Gootkin, PT, Med, CEAS

Financial/Non-financial Disclosure - Neither the Provider nor the Instructor have any financial or non-financial conflict of interest related to the presentation of this CE program.

Target Audience - Occupational Therapists, Occupational Therapy Assistants

OT Scope of Practice – Foundational Knowledge

Course Educational Level – This course is applicable for introductory learners.

Course Prerequisites – None

Instructional Method - Distance Learning - Independent; Asynchronous online video-based home study

Location - Cheapceus.com

**Date** – Continuously available on-demand

PD Activity Completion Requirements / Criteria for Issuance of CE Credits – Completion of viewing of 3 hour recorded video, and a score of 70% correct or greater on the course post-test

Continuing Education Credits – Three (3) contact hours / .3 AOTA CEUs

Course Fee - \$34.95

Registration Information - No pre-registration required; available on-demand at Cheapceus.com

Special Needs Requests - Email: information@cheapceus.com or phone: 954-663-4101

Cancellation by the Learner - Learners may cancel their participation at any time and receive a full refund of all paid fees.

**Cancellation by the Provider** – Registrants for the cancelled activity will be contacted by an IES staff member via phone call or email within 12 hours of the cancellation decision. If the decision to cancel is made less than 14 hours prior to the event, each participant will be contacted no later than 2 hours prior to the scheduled start time of the activity. Registrants will receive a full refund if an activity is cancelled by the Provider. The refund will be processed back to the Registrant within 12 hours of the cancellation.

**Complaint Resolution** – Please call 954-663-4101 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week) to speak with a live customer service agent. Our goal is to work with our customers to resolve all issues to the customer's satisfaction with just one phone call whenever possible.

**Refund Policy -** Unrestricted 100% refund upon request. The request for a refund by the learner shall be honored in full without penalty or other consideration of any kind. The request for a refund may be made by the learner at any time without limitations before, during, or after course participation.



Innovative Educational Services is an AOTA Approved Provider of professional development. PD activity approval ID# 5471. This Distance Learning – Independent PD activity is offered at .3 CEUs; Introductory; OT Foundational Knowledge. The assignment of AOTA CEUs does not imply endorsement of specific course content, products, or clinical procedures by AOTA.

# Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations

Presented By Jodi Gootkin, PT, MED, CEAS jodiemail@comcast.net

#### 1

# Course Overview

"Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations" presents contemporary information about hypertension, atherosclerosis, atrial fibrillation, and heart failure. This course includes discussion of risk factors, pathogenesis, and therapeutic considerations for patients with these conditions.

#### **Course Rationale**

The purpose of this course is to provide participants with contemporary information about the cardiovascular disease. Rehabilitation professionals can use this information when implementing their treatment programs to address the specific needs of individuals effected by these conditions.

#### 1

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#### **Goals and Objectives**

- 1. Identify the association between oral health, tobacco use, diet, physical activity, and cardiovascular disease.
- Differentiate the clinical presentation and diagnostic criteria for the different types of hypertension.
- Identify currently accepted standards and techniques used to measure blood pressure and monitor aerobic exercise intensity.
- Identify components of metabolic syndrome and relationship to cardiovascular disease.
- Define the role of chronic low-level inflammation in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis.
- Define atrial fibrillation and identify current strategies to manage anticoagulation bleeding risk factors.
- 7. Define the stages, pathogenesis, clinical presentation, and management of heart failure.
- 8. Identify biomarkers associated with specific cardiovascular diseases.
- Identify considerations and parameters when developing exercise programs for patients with cardiovascular disease and indications for counter pressure maneuvers.
- 10. Identify the indications for use and mechanism of action of circulatory assist devices.

#### 4

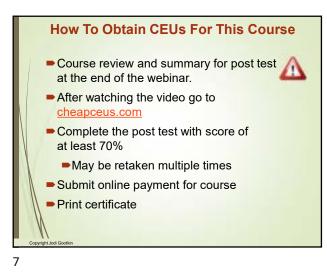
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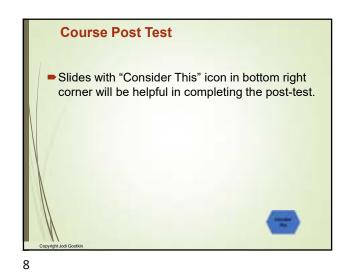
#### Disclaimer

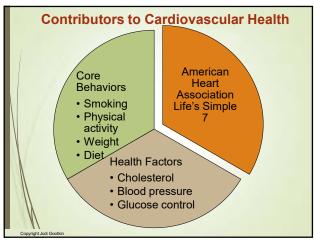
- Application of concepts presented in this webinar is at the discretion of the individual participant in accordance with federal, state, and professional regulations.
- No conflict of interest exists for the presenter or provider of this course.

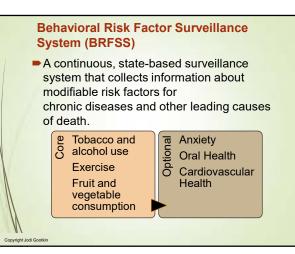
	Торіс	Time
-	Contributors to Cardiovascular Health	0:00-0:10
	Diet, Dental Health, Physical Activity	0:11-0:20
	Blood Pressure Measurement	0:21-0:25
March Carl	Equipment and Standard Technique	0:26-0:30
1. 3. 3.	Hypertension	0:31-0:35
and the	Classifications	0:36-0:40
	Response to Exercise	0:41-0:50
Course Outline	Interactive Discussion of Clinical Applications	0:51-0:60
and Schedule	Postural Hypotension Management Strategies	1:00-1:10
	Metabolic Syndrome	1:11-1:15
	Atherosclerosis Pathogenesis	1:16-1:20
	Rehabilitation Considerations	1:21-1:25
	Atrial Fibrillation	1:26-1:30
	Rehabilitation Considerations	1:31-1:35
	Heart Failure Classifications	1:36-1:40
	Pathogenesis	1:41-1:50
	Interactive Discussion of Clinical Applications	1:51-2:00
1	Rehabilitation Considerations	2:01-2:10
//	Cardiac Resynchronization	2:11 -2:15
11	Physical Activity Guidelines	2:16-2:25
11	Exercise Intensity Monitoring	2:26-2:40
W/	Circulatory Assist Devices	2:41-2:50
	Interactive Discussion of Clinical Applications	2:51-3:00
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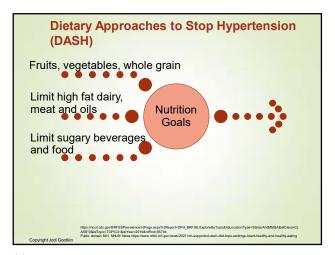






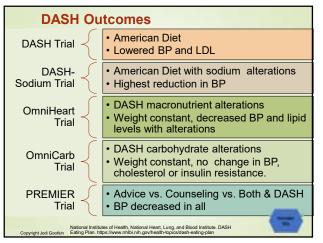


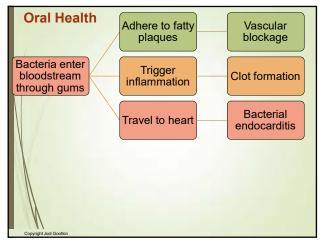
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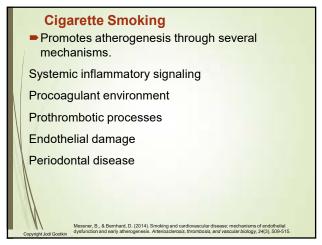
Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations



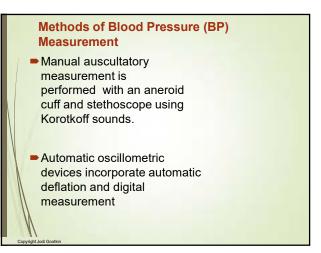


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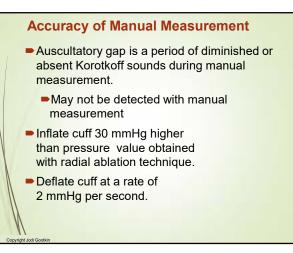
	<ul> <li>Equipment Accurate</li> <li>Oscillometric devices validated and manual</li> </ul>	
	Aneroid cuff setting use	Outcome
	PT education programs	High percentage of gauges not calibrated
	Home healthcare	Significant percent with gauge needles resting at zero not calibrated
	Arena, S. K., Simon, L., & Peterson, E. L. (2016). Anendi blood pressure manometer calibration rates in physical therapy curricula: a descriptive study. <i>Cardiopulmorary Physical Therapy Journal</i> , 27(2): 56-61. Arena, S. K., Bayrinski, A., Shmon, L., & Peterson, E. (2016). Anendo blood pressure manometer calibration rates of devices used in home health. <i>Home</i> healthcare now, 34(1), 23-28.	
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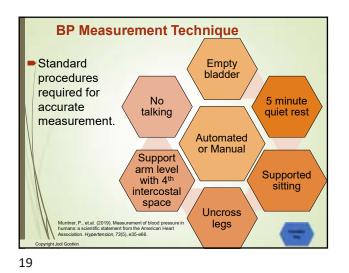
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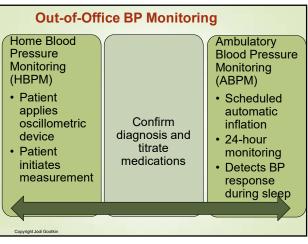


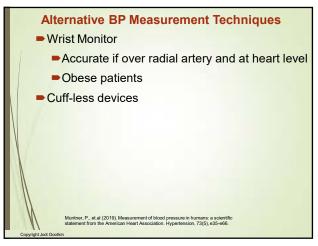
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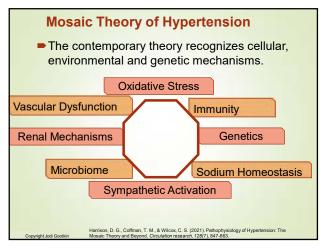
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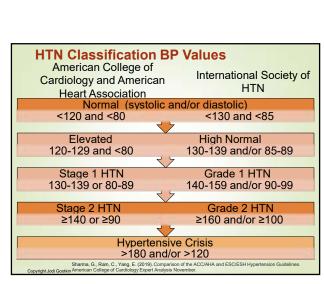






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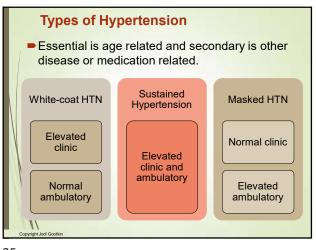


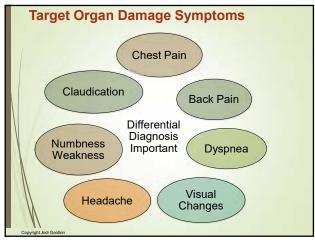
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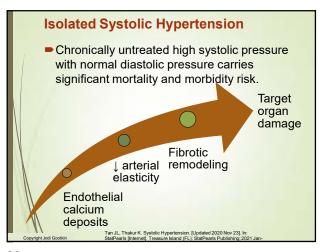


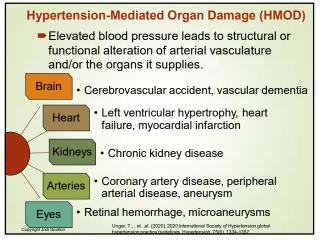
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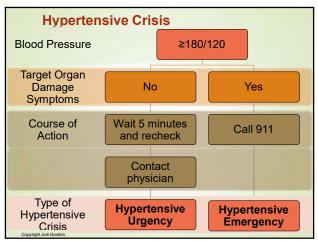


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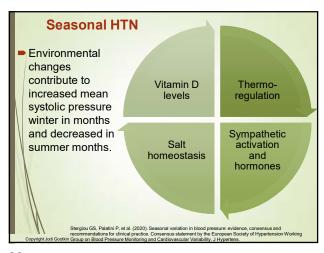




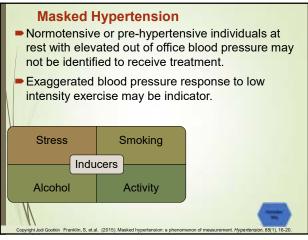
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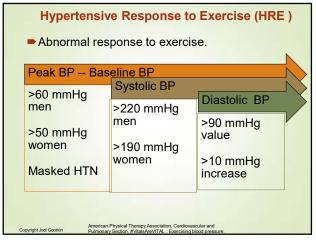


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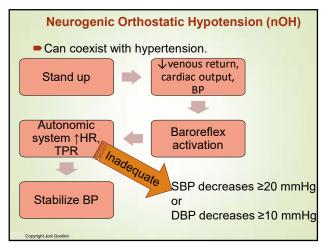


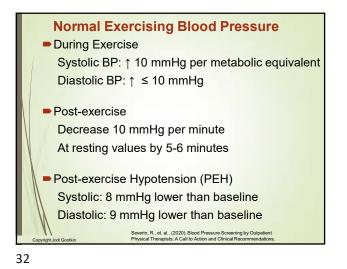
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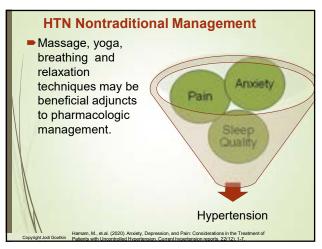




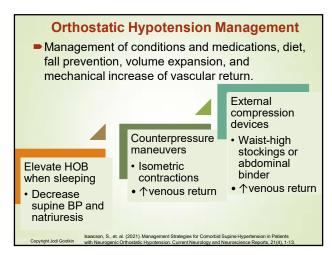
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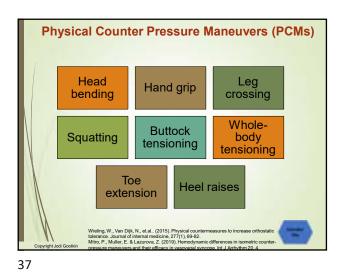


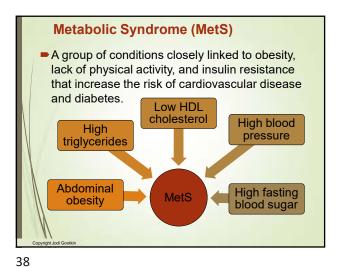


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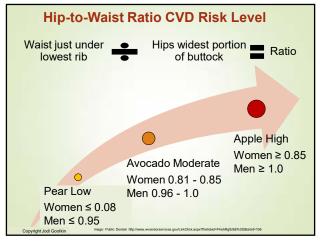
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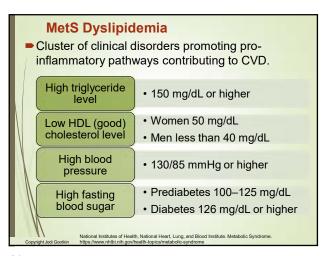


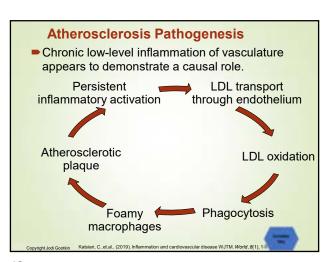
**Abdominal Obesity** • • Physiologic Visceral Disease fat Responses Insulin resistance HTN Adipokines Sympathetic activation Diabetes CVD Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System (RAAS) activation Inflammation/oxidative stress

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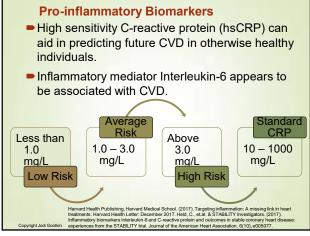


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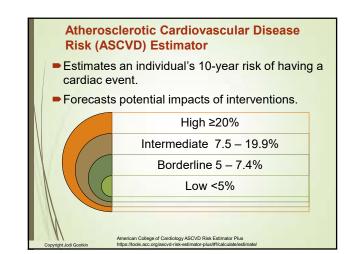
Cardi<sup>41</sup>vascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerati<sup>41</sup>s



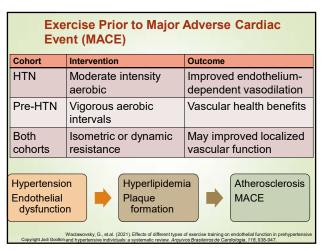
Cohort	Outcome
Post-revascularization	Some benefit short-term QoL
Stable angina	Possible increase in fitness level
Acute myocardial infarction	Decreased anxiety and depression
McGregor, G., et.al. (2020). Does contemporary exercise-based cardiac rehabilitation improve quality of life for people with coronary disease? A systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 10(6). tong, L., et.al. (2019). Effect of exercise-based cardiac rehabilitation for adults with stable angina. The Cochrane database of systematic review Zheng, X., et.al. (2019). Effect of exercise-based cardiac rehabilitation on anxiety and depression in patients with myocardial inflarch systematic review and meta-analysis. Heart & Lung, 49(1), 1-7.	

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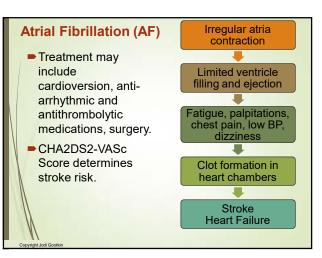
Exercise and Lipid Profile	
Intervention	Outcome
Long duration moderate exercise volume Combination aerobic and resistance	↑HDL ↓Triglyceride
Short duration high exercise volume Combination aerobic and resistance	↓ LDL
Moderate exercise volume	↓Total cholesterol
Javaherian, M., et.al. (2020). The characteristics of exercise-based cardiac rehat Copyright Jod Gookin in the improvement of lipid profiles level. A systematic review and meta-analysis.	



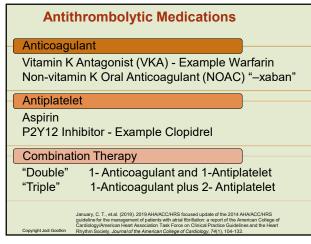
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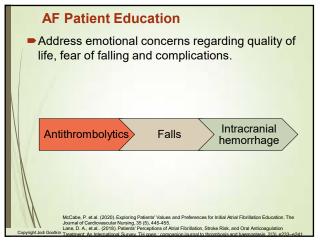




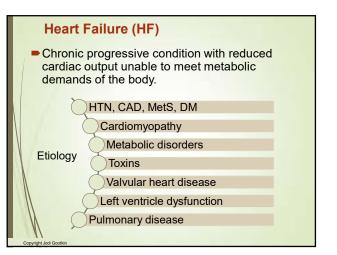
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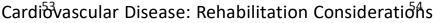




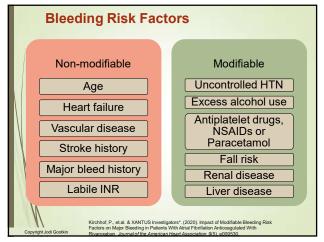


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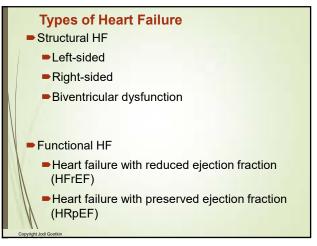
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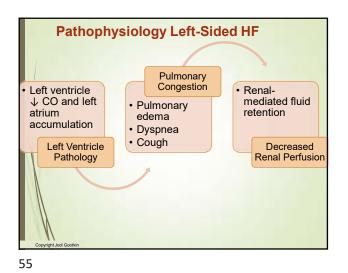


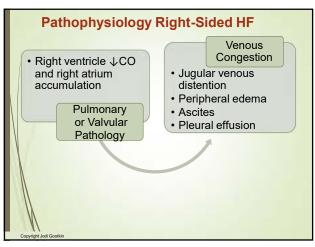
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	AF Smartphone Advances		
	Technology	Outcome	
	Photoplethysmography (PPG) -based camera application	False positives in healthy asymptomatic individuals Detect post-operative AF	
	Portable single-lead electrocardiograph device	AF symptom validation Detect post-operative AF	
Cop	review and meta-analysis. JAMA network oper Lamberigts, M., et.al. (2021). Remote Heart F Technology After Cardiac Surgery: Prospectiv	nartphone camera applications for detecting atrial fibrillation: a systematic nr. 3(4). In your Multioning by Photopiathysmography-Based Smartphone Inso friedmithy and the initian of curden for search 2(4), 2025 (19. Isso friedmithysmall fibrillation. 2021/search 3(2), 2021 (9.	

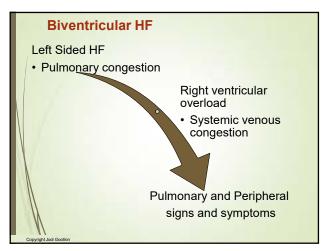
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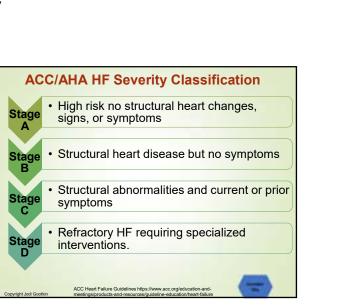


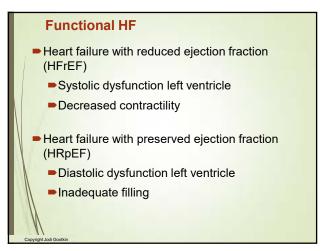




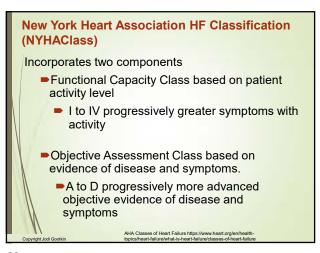


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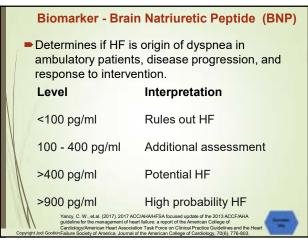


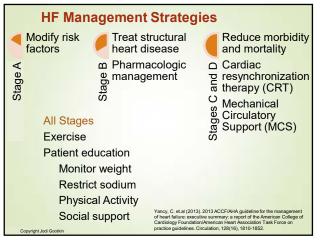






Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations





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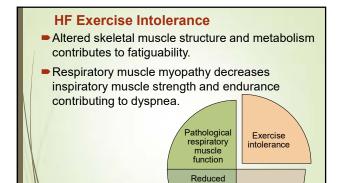


- Advocate for increased total daily physical activity.
- Educate on and facilitate chronic disease management behaviors.
- Based on HF classification and pre-exercise assessment develop program.
  - Aerobic exercise training
  - High Intensity interval training (HIIT)
  - Upper and lower body resistance training
  - Inspiratory muscle training
  - Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation
  - Minnesota Living with Heart Failure Questionnaire

(MLHFQ) Shoemaker, M. et.al. (2020). Physical therapist clinical practice guideline for the management of individuals with heart failure. Physical Therapy, 100(1), 14-43.

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ed. Europe

heart failure'rev

18). The 'aer

peripheral muscle

strength

Low aerobic

capacity

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Patient Education – HF Zones of Management		
Green {	<ul> <li>No new or worsening SOB, swelling, chest pain</li> <li>No change to physical activity level</li> <li>Weight stable</li> </ul>	
Yellow {	<ul> <li>Dry cough</li> <li>Worsening SOB with activity</li> <li>Weight gain &gt;2 to 3 pounds in 24 hours</li> <li>Peripheral edema, ascites, orthopnea</li> </ul>	
Red {	<ul> <li>Frequent dry, hacking cough</li> <li>SOB at rest</li> <li>Increased peripheral edema or ascites</li> <li>Weight gain &gt;2 to 3 pounds in 24 hours</li> <li>Cognitive changes</li> <li>Loss of appetite</li> <li>Paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea</li> </ul>	
AHA Self-check plan for HF Management. https://www.heart.org/- Copyright.Jodi Gootkin //media/files/health-topics/heart-failure/hf-symptom-tracker.pdf?la=en		

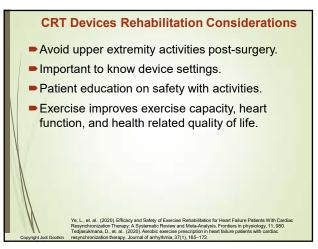
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#### **HF Exercise Adherence**

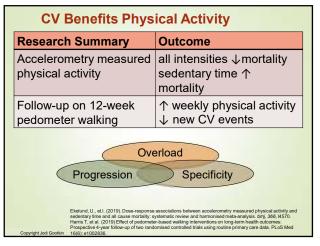
- Exercise is safe and effective for patients who are able to participate.
- Emphasize patient self-assessment of Heart Failure Zones.
- Increasing exercise capacity should translate to improved overall daily physical activity to break the negative cycle of deconditioning.
- Include psychosocial components.

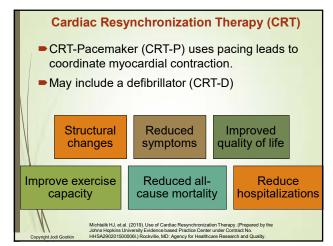
	Exercise Based Cardiac Rehab (ExCR) for HF Outcomes		
	Cohort	Outcome	
	Older acute decompensated	Improved physical function Equal rehospitalization rate	
	Reduced and preserved EF	No difference in mortality ↓ hospitalization and Improved HRQoL	
	HFrEF	No difference mortality/hospitalization ↑ exercise capacity and improved QoL	
Kitzman, D. et al. (2021). Physical Rehabilitation for Older Patients Hospitalized for Heart Failure. New England Journal of Medicine. May 2021 Taylor, R. et al. (2019). Exercise-based reliabilitation. New Fash failure: Cochrane systematic regions and the state of the state (COPR). (2020). Exercise-based craftic rehabilitation in patients with reduced led ventrol/are regions on Wertwerk, B. et al. & Gorman Scholy of Cardforeaucul Pervention and Rehabilitation (IOCPR). (2020). Exercise-based cardiac rehabilitation in patients with reduced led ventrol/are regions fraction: the Cardiac Rehabilitation Outcome Study in Neutro Study 60:34-97, a systematic review and meta-analysis. European Journal of preventive cardiology. 27(9), 929-952.			

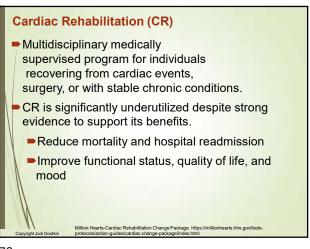




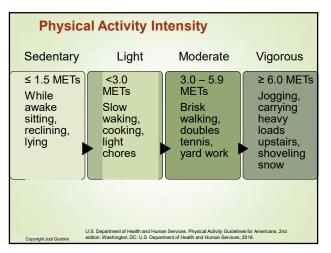
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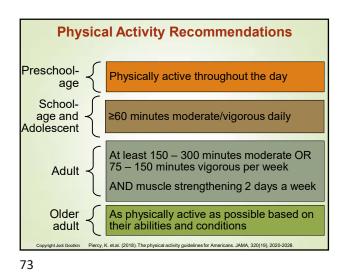


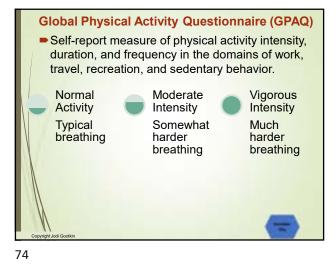




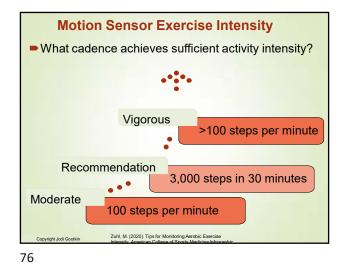


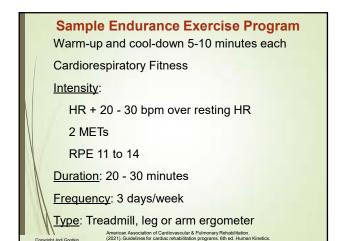
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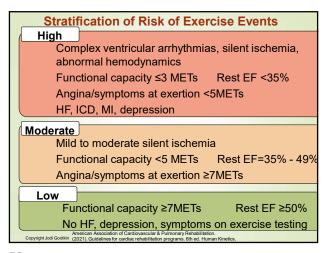




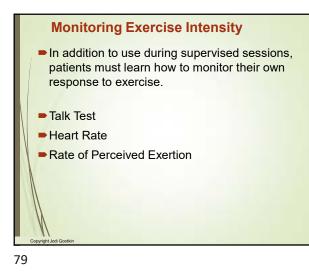
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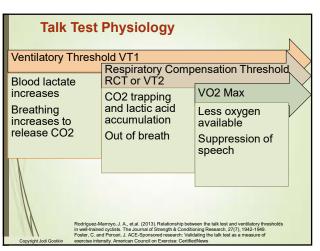






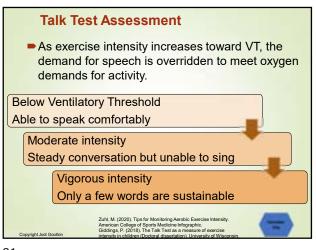
Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations



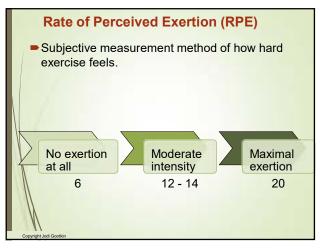


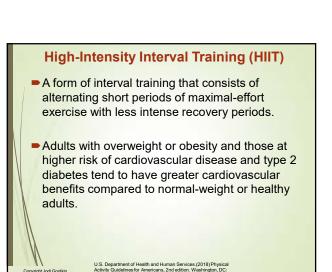
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**Heart Rate** 

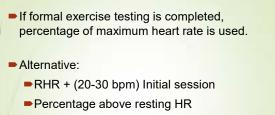


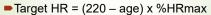


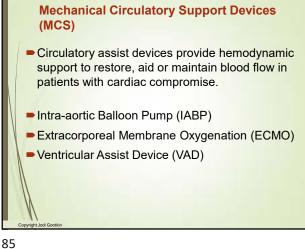




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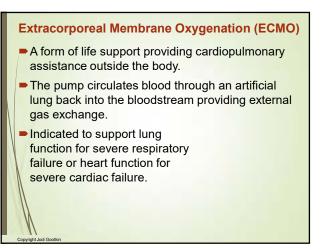






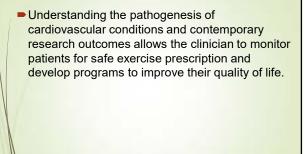
decompensation during surgery. Diastole inflation Decreased afterload Decreased left ventricular wall stress Improved cardiac output

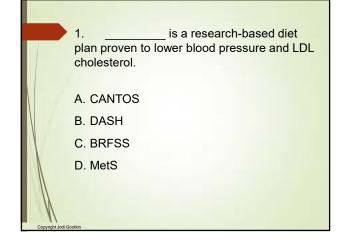
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# Conclusion





Cardiovascular Disease: Rehabilitation Considerations

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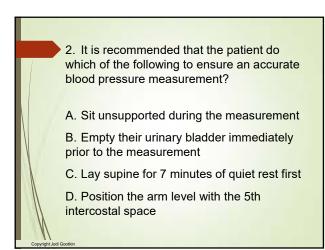


Intra-aortic Balloon Pump (IABP)

Balloon placed in aorta supports patients in cardiogenic shock or at risk of hemodynamic

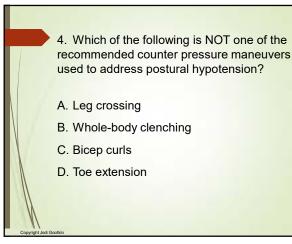
- The device is implanted in parallel with the heart, taking over the majority of its circulatory function.
- Indicated as bridge to recovery, bridge to transplant, or destination therapy.

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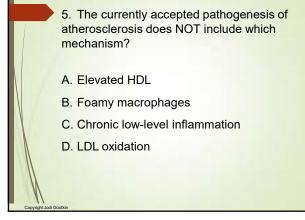


3. A middle-aged female is normotensive at rest. After exercising, she exhibits a blood pressure difference between peak and baseline of 55 mmHg. This may be indicative of what condition?
A. Sustained HTN
B. White-coat HTN
C. Pre-hypertension
D. Masked HTN

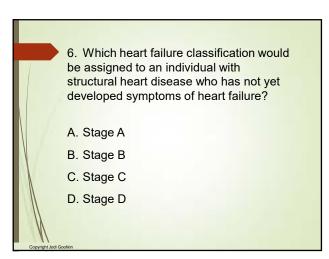


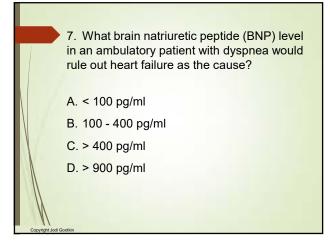




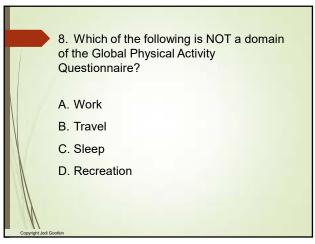


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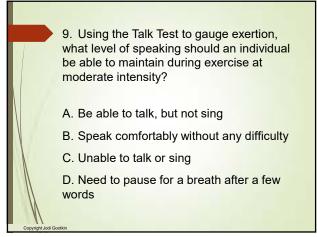


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10. What device is inflated in the aorta during diastole to decrease left ventricular wall stress and improve cardiac output perfusion to the peripheral circulation?
A. Extracorporeal membrane oxygen valve
B. Ventricular assist device
C. Percutaneous circulatory assist device
D. Intra-aortic balloon pump

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